## Psycho Club

Multi-modal synchrony in dyadic interactions

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Guest lecture hosted by Prof. Antonio Maffei, Department of Developmental Psychology and Socialisation, University of Padova

Sept<mark>ember 2</mark>4th 2025, 11.00 a.m. - 12.00 p.m. Room 2B (100 seats) via Venezia, 12 Padova

Attendance Event

https://www.psicologia.unipd.it/psycho-clubprogram



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Human social interactions hold a lot of potential, with both positive and negative

effects. Especially in person, a dyadic (two people) interaction involves multiple modes of communication: Speech, including spoken words and vocal characteristics, as well as behaviour, including body movements and facial movements. Given their visible and audible dominance. variations in speech and behaviour come to mind when trying to characterises understand what interactions with positive outcomes. In fact, synchrony and reactivity on the level of speech and behaviour show that dyadic interactions can be to better health related or performance. But there is yet another mode involved in social interactions: Physiological activity, which might not only reflect reactivity to the experience of the interaction or drive behaviour during interactions, but might also interact or synchronise. Based on a study in which two people shared life events with each other (eMotion project), we investigated the that behavioural way and physiological synchrony interact to predict feelings of closeness, depending on the emotional valence of the shared events as well as on interindividual differences in traits like empathy and psychopathy. Increasing our understanding of the fluctuations behavioural and physiological of synchrony might have limitations, but will contribute to the understanding of the role of constructed emotions in social interactions.

